

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

AGREEMENT

of 16 March 2006

between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of Economic and Monetary Union

(2006/C 73/08)

THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK (ECB) AND THE NATIONAL CENTRAL BANKS OF THE MEMBER STATES THAT ARE OUTSIDE THE EURO AREA ON 16 MARCH 2006 (HEREINAFTER THE 'NON-EURO AREA NCBs'),

currencies, which would disrupt trade flows between Member States. Moreover, under Article 124 of the Treaty establishing the European Community, each Member State has an obligation to treat its exchange rate policy as a matter of common interest;

Whereas:

(1) The Agreement of 1 September 1998 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of Economic and Monetary Union⁽¹⁾ (hereinafter the 'Agreement of 1 September 1998') has been amended three times. The introduction of a new criterion for counterparties eligible to conduct interventions at the margins directly with the ECB would require a further amendment of Annex I to the Agreement of 1 September 1998. In the interests of clarity and transparency therefore, the Agreement of 1 September 1998 should be replaced by a new Agreement.

— ERM II helps to ensure that non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II (hereinafter 'participating non-euro area Member States') orient their policies to stability, foster convergence and thereby help them in their efforts to adopt the euro;

(2) The European Council agreed in its Resolution of 16 June 1997 (hereinafter the 'Resolution') to set up an exchange rate mechanism (hereinafter 'ERM II') when the third stage of economic and monetary union began on 1 January 1999.

— participation in ERM II is voluntary for the non-euro area Member States. Nevertheless, Member States with a derogation can be expected to join the mechanism. A Member State which does not participate from the outset in ERM II may participate at a later date;

(3) Under the terms of the Resolution,

— ERM II functions without prejudice to the primary objective of the ECB and the non-euro area NCBs to maintain price stability;

— ERM II replaces the European Monetary System;

— for the currency of each participating non-euro area Member State (hereinafter 'participating non-euro area currency') a central rate against the euro is defined;

— a stable economic environment is necessary for the good functioning of the single market and for higher investment, growth and employment, and is therefore in the interest of all Member States. The single market must not be endangered by real exchange rate misalignments or by excessive nominal exchange rate fluctuations between the euro and the other EU

— there is one standard fluctuation band of $\pm 15\%$ around the central rates;

— it should be ensured that any adjustment of central rates is conducted in a timely fashion so as to avoid significant misalignments. Thus, all parties to the mutual agreement on the central rates, including the ECB, have the right to initiate a confidential procedure aimed at reconsidering central rates;

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 345, 13.11.1998, p. 6. Agreement as last amended by the Agreement of 16 September 2004 (OJ C 281, 18.11.2004, p. 3).

- intervention at the margins is in principle automatic and unlimited, with very short-term financing available. However, the ECB and the non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II (hereinafter 'participating non-euro area NCBs') could suspend intervention if this were to conflict with their primary objective of price stability. In their decision they would take due account of all relevant factors and in particular of the need to maintain stability and the credible functioning of ERM II;
 - exchange rate policy co-operation may be further strengthened, for example by allowing closer exchange rate links between the euro and the participating non-euro area currencies, where, and to the extent that, these are appropriate in the light of progress towards convergence.
- (4) Intervention should be used as a supportive instrument in conjunction with other policy measures, including appropriate monetary and fiscal policies conducive to economic convergence and exchange rate stability. There is the possibility of coordinated intramarginal intervention decided by mutual agreement between the ECB and the respective participating non-euro area NCB, in parallel with other appropriate policy responses, including the flexible use of interest rates, by the latter.
- (5) Sufficient flexibility needs to be allowed, in particular to accommodate the varying degrees, paces and strategies of economic convergence of the non-euro area Member States.
- (6) This Agreement does not preclude the establishment, on a bilateral basis, of additional fluctuation bands and intervention arrangements between non-euro area Member States.

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

I. CENTRAL RATES AND FLUCTUATION BANDS

Article 1

Bilateral central rates and intervention rates between the euro and the participating non-euro area currencies

- 1.1. The parties to this Agreement shall participate in a joint notification to the market of the bilateral central rates, and any changes to them, between the participating non-euro area currencies and the euro as agreed following the common procedure specified in paragraph 2.3 of the Resolution.
- 1.2. In accordance with the fluctuation bands fixed pursuant to paragraphs 2.1, 2.3 and 2.4 of the Resolution, the ECB and each participating non-euro area NCB shall

establish, by common accord, the bilateral upper and lower rates between the euro and the participating non-euro area currencies for automatic intervention. The ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs shall jointly notify the market of these rates, which shall be quoted in accordance with the convention set forth in Annex I.

II. INTERVENTION

Article 2

General provisions

- 2.1. Intervention shall in principle be effected in euro and the participating non-euro area currencies. The ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs shall inform each other about all foreign exchange intervention intended to safeguard the cohesion of ERM II.
- 2.2. The ECB and the non-euro area NCBs shall inform each other about all other foreign exchange intervention.

Article 3

Intervention at the margins

- 3.1. Intervention at the margins shall in principle be automatic and unlimited. However, the ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs could suspend automatic intervention if this were to conflict with their primary objective of maintaining price stability.
- 3.2. In deciding whether to suspend intervention, the ECB or a participating non-euro area NCB shall also take due account of all other relevant factors, including the credible functioning of ERM II. The ECB and/or the participating non-euro area NCB concerned shall base any decision on factual evidence and, in this context, also give consideration to any conclusion which may have been reached by other competent bodies. The ECB and/or the participating non-euro area NCB concerned shall notify, as long in advance as possible and on a strictly confidential basis, the other monetary authorities concerned and the monetary authorities of all other participating non-euro area Member States of any intention to suspend intervention.
- 3.3. A payment after payment procedure shall be applied in the event of intervention at the margins, as set forth in Annex I.

Article 4

Coordinated intramarginal intervention

The ECB and participating non-euro area NCBs may agree to co-ordinated intramarginal intervention.

*Article 5***Procedures for intervention and other transactions**

- 5.1. Prior agreement of the non-euro area NCB issuing the intervention currency shall be obtained when another central bank of the European System of Central Banks intends to use the former's currency in amounts exceeding mutually agreed limits in connection with all non-compulsory intervention, including unilateral intramarginal intervention.
- 5.2. A non-euro area NCB shall give immediate notification to the ECB when it has used the euro in amounts exceeding mutually agreed limits in connection with all non-compulsory intervention, including unilateral intramarginal intervention.
- 5.3. Before carrying out transactions other than intervention which involve at least one non-euro area currency or the euro and which exceed mutually agreed limits, the party intending to carry out such transactions shall give prior notification to the central bank(s) concerned. In such cases the central banks concerned shall agree on an approach which minimises potential problems, including the possibility of settling the transaction, wholly or in part, directly between the two central banks.

III. VERY SHORT-TERM FINANCING FACILITY*Article 6***General provisions**

- 6.1. For the purpose of intervention in euro and in the participating non-euro area currencies, the ECB and each participating non-euro area NCB shall open for each other very short-term credit facilities. The initial maturity for a very short-term financing operation shall be three months.
- 6.2. The financing operations under these facilities shall take the form of spot sales and purchases of participating currencies giving rise to corresponding claims and liabilities, denominated in the creditor's currency, between the ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs. The value date of the financing operations shall be identical to the value date of the intervention in the market. The ECB shall keep a record of all transactions conducted in the context of these facilities.

*Article 7***Financing of intervention at the margins**

- 7.1. The very short-term financing facility is in principle automatically available and unlimited in amount for the purpose of financing intervention in participating currencies at the margins.
- 7.2. The debtor central bank shall make appropriate use of its foreign reserve holdings prior to drawing on the facility.

- 7.3. The ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs could suspend further automatic financing if it were to conflict with their primary objective of maintaining price stability. The suspension of further automatic financing will be subject to the provisions of Article 3.2 of this Agreement.

*Article 8***Financing of intramarginal intervention**

For the purpose of intramarginal intervention, the very short-term financing facility may, with the agreement of the central bank issuing the intervention currency, be made available subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the cumulative amount of such financing made available to the debtor central bank shall not exceed the latter's ceiling as laid down in Annex II;
- (b) the debtor central bank shall make appropriate use of its foreign reserve holdings prior to drawing on the facility.

*Article 9***Remuneration**

- 9.1. Outstanding very short-term financing balances shall be remunerated at the representative domestic three-month money market rate of the creditor's currency prevailing on the trade date of the initial financing operation or, in the event of a renewal pursuant to Articles 10 and 11 of this Agreement, the three-month money market rate of the creditor's currency prevailing two business days before the date on which the initial financing operation to be renewed falls due.
- 9.2. Accrued interest shall be paid in the creditor's currency on the date of the initial maturity of the facility, or, if applicable, on the date of the advance liquidation of a debtor balance. In the event of a renewal of the facility pursuant to Articles 10 and 11 of this Agreement, interest shall be capitalised at the end of every three-month period and shall be paid on the date of the final repayment of the debtor balance.
- 9.3. For the purpose of Article 9.1 of this Agreement, each participating non-euro area NCB shall notify the ECB of its representative domestic three-month money market rate. A representative domestic three-month money market rate in euro shall be used by the ECB and notified to the participating non-euro area NCBs.

*Article 10***Automatic renewal**

At the request of the debtor central bank, the initial maturity for a financing operation may be extended for a period of three months.

However:

- (a) the initial maturity may only be automatically extended once for a maximum of three months;
- (b) the total amount of indebtedness resulting from application of this Article may at no time exceed the debtor central bank's ceiling as laid down for each central bank in Annex II.

Article 11

Renewal by mutual agreement

- 11.1. Any debt exceeding the ceiling laid down in Annex II may be renewed once for three months subject to the agreement of the creditor central bank.
- 11.2. Any debt already renewed automatically for three months may be renewed a second time for a further three months subject to the agreement of the creditor central bank.

Article 12

Advance repayment

Any debtor balance recorded in accordance with Articles 6, 10 and 11 of this Agreement may be settled at any time in advance at the request of the debtor central bank.

Article 13

Netting-out of mutual claims and liabilities

Mutual claims and liabilities between the ECB and a participating non-euro area NCB arising from the operations provided for in Articles 6 to 12 of this Agreement may be netted out against each other by mutual agreement between the two parties involved.

Article 14

Means of settlement

- 14.1. When a financing operation falls due or in the event of advance repayment, settlement shall in principle be carried out by means of holdings in the creditor's currency.
- 14.2. This provision shall be without prejudice to other forms of settlement agreed between creditor and debtor central banks.

IV. CLOSER EXCHANGE RATE COOPERATION

Article 15

Closer exchange rate cooperation

- 15.1. The exchange rate policy cooperation between participating non-euro area NCBs and the ECB may be further strengthened; in particular, closer exchange rate links may be agreed on a case-by-case basis at the initiative of the interested participating non-euro area Member State.

- 15.2. On a case-by-case basis, formally agreed fluctuation bands narrower than the standard one and backed up in principle by automatic intervention and financing may be set at the request of the participating non-euro area Member State concerned, according to the procedure laid down in paragraph 2.4 of the Resolution.
- 15.3. Other types of closer exchange rate arrangements of an informal nature may also be established between the ECB and participating non-euro area NCBs.

V. MONITORING THE FUNCTION OF THE SYSTEM

Article 16

Tasks of the General Council of the ECB

- 16.1. The General Council of the ECB shall monitor the functioning of ERM II and serve as the forum for monetary and exchange rate policy coordination as well as for the administration of the intervention and financing mechanism specified in this Agreement. It shall closely monitor, on a permanent basis, the sustainability of bilateral exchange rate relations between each participating non-euro area currency and the euro.
- 16.2. The General Council of the ECB shall periodically review the operation of this Agreement in the light of experience gained.

Article 17

Reconsideration of central rates and participation in narrower fluctuation bands

- 17.1. All parties to the mutual agreement reached pursuant to paragraph 2.3 of the Resolution, including the ECB, shall have the right to initiate a confidential procedure aimed at reconsidering central rates.
- 17.2. In the event of formally agreed fluctuation bands narrower than the standard one, all parties to the joint decision made pursuant to paragraph 2.4 of the Resolution, including the ECB, shall have the right to initiate a confidential re-examination of the appropriateness of the respective currency's participation in the narrower band.

VI. NON-PARTICIPATION

Article 18

Applicability

The provisions of Article 1, 2.1, 3, 4, 6 to 15 and 17 of this Agreement shall not apply to non-euro area NCBs which do not participate in ERM II.

Article 19

Cooperation in the concertation

Non-euro area NCBs not participating in ERM II shall cooperate with the ECB and the participating non-euro area NCBs in the concertation and/or the other exchanges of information necessary for the proper functioning of ERM II.

VII. FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 20

Final provisions

- 20.1. This Agreement shall enter into force on 1 April 2006.
- 20.2. The Agreement of 1 September 1998 is repealed with effect from 1 April 2006. References to the repealed Agreement shall be construed as references to this Agreement.
- 20.3. This Agreement shall be drawn up in English and duly signed by the parties. The ECB, which is required to retain the original Agreement, shall send a certified copy thereof to each euro area and non-euro area NCB. The Agreement shall be translated into all other official Community languages and be published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Frankfurt am Main, on 16 March 2006.

For and on behalf of
The European Central Bank

For and on behalf of
Magyar Nemzeti Bank

For and on behalf of
Česká národní banka

For and on behalf of
Central Bank of Malta

For and on behalf of
Danmarks Nationalbank

For and on behalf of
Narodowy Bank Polski

For and on behalf of
Eesti Pank

For and on behalf of
Banka Slovenije

For and on behalf of
Central Bank of Cyprus

For and on behalf of
Národná banka Slovenska

For and on behalf of
Latvijas Banka

For and on behalf of
Sveriges Riksbank

For and on behalf of
Lietuvos bankas

For and on behalf of
The Bank of England

ANNEX I

QUOTATION CONVENTION FOR CURRENCIES PARTICIPATING IN ERM II AND THE PAYMENT AFTER PAYMENT PROCEDURE IN THE EVENT OF INTERVENTION AT THE MARGINS**A. Quotation convention**

For all the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II, the exchange rate for the bilateral central rate vis-à-vis the euro shall be quoted using the euro as the base currency. The exchange rate shall be expressed as the value of E1 using six significant digits for all currencies.

The same convention shall be applied for quoting the upper and lower intervention rates vis-à-vis the euro of the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II. The intervention rates shall be determined by adding or subtracting the agreed bandwidth, expressed as a percentage, to or from the bilateral central rates. The resulting rates shall be rounded to six significant digits.

B. Payment after payment procedure

A payment after payment procedure shall be applied by both the ECB and the euro area NCBs in the event of intervention at the margins. The non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II shall apply the payment after payment procedure when acting as correspondents of the euro area NCBs and the ECB in accordance with this Annex; the non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II may, at their discretion, adopt the same payment after payment procedure when settling intervention at the margins that such NCBs have carried out on their own behalf.

(i) General principles

- The payment after payment procedure shall be applied when intervention at the margins in ERM II takes place between the euro and the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II.
- To be eligible for intervention at the margins in ERM II, counterparties shall be required to keep an account with the NCB concerned. Counterparties shall also be required to maintain SWIFT addresses and/or to exchange authenticated telex keys with the NCB concerned or with the ECB.
- Counterparties eligible for intervention at the margins in ERM II may also conduct such intervention directly with the ECB, provided that they also have the status of eligible counterparties for executing foreign exchange transactions with the ECB pursuant to Guideline ECB/2000/1 of 3 February 2000 on the management of the foreign reserve assets of the European Central Bank by the national central banks and the legal documentation for operations involving the foreign reserve assets of the European Central Bank ⁽¹⁾.
- The non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II shall act as the correspondents of the euro area NCBs and the ECB.
- When intervention at the margins takes place, the NCB concerned or the ECB shall release its payment for a given transaction only after receiving confirmation from its correspondent that the amount due has been credited to its account. Counterparties shall be required to pay in due time so as to enable the NCBs and the ECB to fulfil their respective payment obligations. Consequently, counterparties shall be required to pay before a predefined deadline.

(ii) Deadline for the receipt of funds from counterparties

Counterparties shall pay intervention amounts at the latest by 1 p.m. ECB (CET) time on value date.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 207, 17.8.2000, p. 24. Guideline as last amended by Guideline ECB/2005/15 (OJ L 345, 28.12.2005, p. 33).

ANNEX II

**CEILINGS ON ACCESS TO THE VERY SHORT-TERM FINANCING FACILITY REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 8,
10 AND 11 OF THE CENTRAL BANK AGREEMENT**

with effect from 1 May 2004
(in millions of EUR)

Central banks party to this Agreement	Ceilings ⁽¹⁾
Česká národní banka	700
Danmarks Nationalbank	730
Eesti Pank	300
Central Bank of Cyprus	290
Latvijas Banka	340
Lietuvos bankas	390
Magyar Nemzeti Bank	680
Central Bank of Malta	270
Narodowy Bank Polski	1 830
Banka Slovenije	350
Národná banka Slovenska	470
Sveriges Riksbank	990
Bank of England	4 660
European Central Bank	nil

⁽¹⁾ The amounts indicated are notional for central banks which do not participate in ERM II.

Euro area NCBs	Ceilings
Nationale Bank van België/Banque Nationale de Belgique	nil
Deutsche Bundesbank	nil
Bank of Greece	nil
Banco de España	nil
Banque de France	nil
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland	nil
Banca d'Italia	nil
Banque centrale du Luxembourg	nil
De Nederlandsche Bank	nil
Oesterreichische Nationalbank	nil
Banco de Portugal	nil
Suomen Pankki	nil

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

AGREEMENT

of 21 December 2006

between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area amending the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union

(2007/C 14/03)

THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE 'ECB') AND THE NATIONAL CENTRAL BANKS OF THE MEMBER STATES OUTSIDE THE EURO AREA (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE 'NON-EURO AREA NCBs' AND THE 'NON-EURO AREA MEMBER STATES' RESPECTIVELY),

Whereas:

- (1) The European Council in its Resolution of 16 June 1997 (hereinafter referred to as the 'Resolution') agreed to set up an exchange rate mechanism (hereinafter referred to as 'ERM II') when the third stage of economic and monetary union began on 1 January 1999.
- (2) Under the terms of the Resolution, ERM II is designed to help to ensure that non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II orient their policies to stability, foster convergence and thereby help them in their efforts to adopt the euro.
- (3) Slovenia, as a Member State with a derogation, has participated in ERM II since 28 June 2004 and Banka Slovenije is party to the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union ⁽¹⁾ (hereinafter referred to as the 'ERM II Central Bank Agreement').
- (4) Pursuant to Article 1 of Council Decision 2006/495/EC of 11 July 2006 in accordance with Article 122(2) of the Treaty on the adoption by Slovenia of the single currency on 1 January 2007 ⁽²⁾, the derogation in favour of Slovenia referred to in Article 4 of the 2003 Act of Accession ⁽³⁾ is abrogated with effect from 1 January 2007. Banka Slovenije should therefore no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement with effect

from that date and the ERM II Central Bank Agreement should be amended accordingly.

- (5) In view of the accession of Romania and Bulgaria to the European Union, their respective national central banks (NCBs) become part of the European System of Central Banks on 1 January 2007. The ERM II Central Bank Agreement should be amended accordingly,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Amendment to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement in view of the abrogation of Slovenia's derogation

Banka Slovenije shall no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement with effect from 1 January 2007.

Article 2

Amendments to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement in view of the accession of Romania and Bulgaria

The Bulgarian National Bank and Banca Națională a României shall become parties to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement with effect from 1 January 2007.

Article 3

Replacement of Annex II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement

Annex II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement is replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 73, 25.3.2006, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 195, 15.7.2006, p. 25.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 236, 23.9.2003, p. 33.

Article 4

Final provisions

- 4.1 This Agreement shall enter into force on 1 January 2007.
- 4.2 This Agreement shall be drawn up in the English and duly signed by the parties. The ECB, which is required to retain the original Agreement, shall send a certified copy thereof to each euro area and non-euro area NCB. The Agreement shall be translated into all other official Community languages and be published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Frankfurt am Main, 21 December 2006.

For the
European Central Bank

For the
Bulgarian National Bank

For
Česká národní banka

For
Danmarks Nationalbank

For
Eesti Pank

For the
Central Bank of Cyprus

For
Latvijas Banka

For
Lietuvos bankas

For the
Magyar Nemzeti Bank

For the
Central Bank of Malta

For
Narodowy Bank Polski

For
Banca Națională a României

For
Banka Slovenije

For
Národná banka Slovenska

For
Sveriges Riksbank

For the
Bank of England

ANNEX

ANNEX II

CEILINGS ON ACCESS TO THE VERY SHORT-TERM FINANCING FACILITY REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 8, 10 AND 11 OF THE CENTRAL BANK AGREEMENT**with effect from 1 January 2007***(EUR million)*

Central banks party to this Agreement	Ceilings ⁽¹⁾
Bulgarian National Bank	490
Ceská národní banka	640
Danmarks Nationalbank	670
Eesti Pank	300
Central Bank of Cyprus	280
Latvijas Banka	330
Lietuvos bankas	370
Magyar Nemzeti Bank	620
Central Bank of Malta	270
Narodowy Bank Polski	1 610
Banca Națională a României	950
Národná banka Slovenska	440
Sveriges Riksbank	900
Bank of England	4 130
European Central Bank	nil

⁽¹⁾ The amounts indicated are notional for central banks which do not participate in ERM II.

Euro area NCBs	Ceilings
Nationale Bank van België/Banque Nationale de Belgique	nil
Deutsche Bundesbank	nil
Bank of Greece	nil
Banco de España	nil
Banque de France	nil
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland	nil
Banca d'Italia	nil
Banque centrale du Luxembourg	nil
De Nederlandsche Bank	nil
Oesterreichische Nationalbank	nil
Banco de Portugal	nil
Banka Slovenije	nil
Suomen Pankki	nil'

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

AGREEMENT

of 14 December 2007

between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area amending the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union

(2007/C 319/04)

THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK (ECB) AND THE NATIONAL CENTRAL BANKS OF THE MEMBER STATES OUTSIDE THE EURO AREA (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE 'NON-EURO AREA NCBS' AND THE 'NON-EURO AREA MEMBER STATES' RESPECTIVELY),

Whereas:

- (1) The European Council in its Resolution of 16 June 1997 (hereinafter referred to as the 'Resolution') agreed to set up an exchange rate mechanism (hereinafter referred to as 'ERM II') when the third stage of economic and monetary union (EMU) began on 1 January 1999.
- (2) Under the terms of the Resolution, ERM II is designed to help to ensure that non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II orient their policies to stability, foster convergence and thereby help them in their efforts to adopt the euro.
- (3) Cyprus, as a Member State with a derogation, has participated since 2 May 2005 in ERM II; whereas the Central Bank of Cyprus is party to the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union ⁽¹⁾, amended by the Agreement of 21 December 2006 ⁽²⁾ (together hereinafter referred to as the 'ERM II Central Bank Agreement').
- (4) Malta, as a Member State with a derogation, has participated since 2 May 2005 in ERM II; whereas the Central Bank of Malta is party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement.
- (5) Pursuant to Article 1 of Council Decision 2007/503/EC of 10 July 2007 in accordance with Article 122(2) of the Treaty on the adoption by Cyprus of the single currency on 1 January 2008 ⁽³⁾ the derogation in favour of Cyprus referred to in Article 4 of the 2003 Act of Accession is abrogated with effect from 1 January 2008; whereas the

euro will be Cyprus' currency from 1 January 2008; whereas the Central Bank of Cyprus should no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from that date.

- (6) Pursuant to Article 1 of Council Decision 2007/504/EC of 10 July 2007 in accordance with Article 122(2) of the Treaty on the adoption by Malta of the single currency on 1 January 2008 ⁽⁴⁾ the derogation in favour of Malta referred to in Article 4 of the 2003 Act of Accession is abrogated with effect from 1 January 2008; whereas the euro will be Malta's currency from 1 January 2008; whereas the Central Bank of Malta should no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from that date.
- (7) It is therefore necessary to amend the ERM II Central Bank Agreement to take account of the abrogation of the derogations in favour of Cyprus and Malta,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Amendment to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement in view of the abrogation of a Member State's derogation

- 1.1 The Central Bank of Cyprus shall no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from 1 January 2008.
- 1.2 The Central Bank of Malta shall no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from 1 January 2008.

Article 2

Replacement of Annex II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement

Annex II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement is replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 73, 25.3.2006, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 14, 20.1.2007, p. 6

⁽³⁾ OJ L 186, 18.7.2007, p. 29.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 186, 18.7.2007, p. 32.

Article 3

Final provisions

- 3.1. This Agreement amends, with effect from 1 January 2008, the ERM II Central Bank Agreement.
- 3.2. This Agreement shall be drawn up in the English language and duly signed by the parties. The ECB, which shall retain the original Agreement, shall send a certified copy thereof to each euro area and non-euro area NCB. The Agreement shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Frankfurt am Main, 14 December 2007.

For the
European Central Bank

For
**Българска народна банка/the Bulgarian
National Bank**

For
Česká národní banka

For
Danmarks Nationalbank

For
Eesti Pank

For the
Central Bank of Cyprus

For
Latvijas Banka

For
Lietuvos bankas

For the
Magyar Nemzeti Bank

For the
Central Bank of Malta

For
Narodowy Bank Polski

For
Banca Națională a României

For
Národná banka Slovenska

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Sveriges Riksbank

For the
Bank of England

ANNEX

ANNEX II

CEILINGS ON ACCESS TO THE VERY SHORT-TERM FINANCING FACILITY REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 8, 10 AND 11 OF THE CENTRAL BANK AGREEMENT**With effect from 1 January 2008***(EUR million)*

Central banks party to this Agreement	Ceilings ⁽¹⁾
Българска народна банка/the Bulgarian National Bank	510
Česká národní banka	660
Danmarks Nationalbank	700
Eesti Pank	300
Latvijas Banka	330
Lietuvos bankas	380
Magyar Nemzeti Bank	640
Narodowy Bank Polski	1 700
Banca Națională a României	1 000
Národná banka Slovenska	450
Sveriges Riksbank	940
Bank of England	4 390
European Central Bank	nil

⁽¹⁾ The amounts indicated are notional for central banks which do not participate in ERM II.

Euro area NCBs	Ceilings
Nationale Bank van België/Banque Nationale de Belgique	nil
Deutsche Bundesbank	nil
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland	nil
Bank of Greece	nil
Banco de España	nil
Banque de France	nil
Banca d'Italia	nil
Central Bank of Cyprus	nil
Banque centrale du Luxembourg	nil
Central Bank of Malta	nil
De Nederlandsche Bank	nil
Oesterreichische Nationalbank	nil
Banco de Portugal	nil
Banka Slovenije	nil
Suomen Pankki	nil

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

AGREEMENT

of 8 December 2008

between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area amending the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union

(2009/C 16/02)

1. **Българска народна банка (Bulgarian National Bank)**

1, Kynaz Alexander 1 Sq.
BG-Sofia-1000

Česká národní banka

Na Příkopě 28
CZ-115 03 Praha 1

Danmarks Nationalbank

Havnegade 5
DK-1093 Copenhagen K

Eesti Pank

Estonia pst. 13
EE-15095 Tallinn

Latvijas Banka

K. Valdemara iela 2a
LV-1050 Riga

Lietuvos bankas

Totoriu g. 4
LT-01121 Vilnius

Magyar Nemzeti Bank

Szabadság tér 8/9
H-1054 Budapest

Narodowy Bank Polski

ulica Świętokrzyska 11/21
PL-00-919 Warsaw

Banca Națională a României

Strada Lipscani nr. 25, sector 3
RO-030031 Bucharest

Národná banka Slovenska

Imricha Karvaša 1
SK-813 25 Bratislava

Sveriges Riksbank

Brunkebergstorg 11
S-103 37 Stockholm

Bank of England

Threadneedle Street
London EC2R 8AH
United Kingdom

and

2. European Central Bank (ECB)

(hereinafter the 'Parties')

Whereas:

1. The European Council in its Resolution of 16 June 1997 (hereinafter the 'Resolution') agreed to set up an exchange rate mechanism (hereinafter the 'ERM II') when the third stage of economic and monetary union began on 1 January 1999.
2. Under the terms of the Resolution, ERM II is designed to help ensure that non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II orient their policies to stability, foster convergence and thereby help the non-euro area Member States in their efforts to adopt the euro.
3. Slovakia, as a Member State with a derogation, has participated in ERM II since 2 November 2005. Národná banka Slovenska is a party to the Agreement of 16 March 2006 between the European Central Bank and the national central banks of the Member States outside the euro area laying down the operating procedures for an exchange rate mechanism in stage three of economic and monetary union ⁽¹⁾, as amended by the Agreement of 21 December 2006 ⁽²⁾ and by the Agreement of 14 December 2007 ⁽³⁾ (hereinafter collectively referred to as the 'ERM II Central Bank Agreement').
4. Pursuant to Article 1 of Council Decision 2008/608/EC of 8 July 2008 in accordance with Article 122(2) of the Treaty on the adoption by Slovakia of the single currency on 1 January 2009 ⁽⁴⁾ the derogation in favour of Slovakia referred to in Article 4 of the 2003 Act of Accession is abrogated with effect from 1 January 2009. The euro will be Slovakia's currency from 1 January 2009 and Národná banka Slovenska should no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from that date.
5. The current arrangements for ERM II intervention at the margins are provided for in the ERM II Central Bank Agreement.
6. The current arrangements for ERM II interventions require further updating and revising in order to take into account the imposition of a new criterion on counterparties eligible to conduct interventions at the margins and to refine an existing eligibility criterion.
7. It is therefore necessary to amend the ERM II Central Bank Agreement to take account of the abrogation of the derogation in favour of Slovakia and changes to the eligibility criteria for ERM II intervention at the margins,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Amendment to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement in view of the abrogation of Slovakia's derogation

Národná banka Slovenska shall no longer be party to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement from 1 January 2009.

Article 2

Replacement of Annexes I and II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement

2.1. Annex I to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement is replaced by the text set out in Annex I to this Agreement.

2.2. Annex II to the ERM II Central Bank Agreement is replaced by the text set out in Annex II to this Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 73, 25.3.2006, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 14, 20.1.2007, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ C 319, 29.12.2007, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 195, 24.7.2008, p. 24.

Article 3

Final provisions

3.1. This Agreement amends the ERM II Central Bank Agreement with effect from 1 January 2009.

3.2. This Agreement shall be drawn up in English and duly signed by the Parties' duly authorised representatives. The ECB, which shall retain the original Agreement, shall send a certified copy of the original Agreement to each euro area and non-euro area national central bank. The Agreement shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Done at Frankfurt am Main, on 8 December 2008.

For

Българска народна банка (Bulgarian National Bank)

For

the Magyar Nemzeti Bank

For

Česká národní banka

For

Narodowy Bank Polski

For

Danmarks Nationalbank

For

Banca Națională a României

For

Eesti Pank

For

Národná banka Slovenska

For

Latvijas Banka

For

Sveriges Riksbank

For

Lietuvos bankas

For

the Bank of England

For

the European Central Bank

ANNEX I

'ANNEX I

QUOTATION CONVENTION FOR CURRENCIES PARTICIPATING IN ERM II AND THE PAYMENT AFTER PAYMENT PROCEDURE IN THE EVENT OF INTERVENTION AT THE MARGINS**A. Quotation convention**

For all the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II, the exchange rate for the bilateral central rate *vis-à-vis* the euro shall be quoted using the euro as the base currency. The exchange rate shall be expressed as the value of E1 using six significant digits for all currencies.

The same convention shall be applied for quoting the upper and lower intervention rates *vis-à-vis* the euro of the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II. The intervention rates shall be determined by adding or subtracting the agreed bandwidth, expressed as a percentage, to or from the bilateral central rates. The resulting rates shall be rounded to six significant digits.

B. Payment after payment procedure

A payment after payment procedure shall be applied by both the ECB and the euro area national central banks (NCBs) in the event of intervention at the margins. The non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II shall apply the payment after payment procedure when acting as correspondents of the euro area NCBs and the ECB in accordance with this Annex; the non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II may, at their discretion, adopt the same payment after payment procedure when settling intervention at the margins that such NCBs have carried out on their own behalf.

(i) General principles

- The payment after payment procedure shall be applied when intervention at the margins in ERM II takes place between the euro and the currencies of the non-euro area Member States participating in ERM II.
- To be eligible for intervention at the margins in ERM II, counterparties shall be required to keep an account with the NCB concerned and to maintain a SWIFT address. Counterparties shall, as an additional eligibility criterion, also be required to provide the NCB concerned in advance with their standard settlement instructions in the ERM II currencies and any further updates to these instructions. Eligible counterparties may be requested to provide the ECB or NCBs with contact details as specified by the ECB and the NCBs concerned from time to time.
- Counterparties eligible for intervention at the margins in ERM II may also conduct such intervention directly with the ECB, provided that they also have the status of eligible counterparties for executing foreign exchange transactions with the ECB pursuant to Guideline ECB/2008/5 of 20 June 2008 on the management of the foreign reserve assets of the European Central Bank by the national central banks and the legal documentation for operations involving such assets ⁽¹⁾.
- The non-euro area NCBs participating in ERM II shall act as the correspondents of the euro area NCBs and the ECB.
- When intervention at the margins takes place, the NCB concerned or the ECB shall release its payment for a given transaction only after receiving confirmation from its correspondent that the amount due has been credited to its account. Counterparties shall be required to pay in due time so as to enable the NCBs and the ECB to fulfil their respective payment obligations. Consequently, counterparties shall be required to pay before a predefined deadline.

(ii) Deadline for the receipt of funds from counterparties

Counterparties shall pay intervention amounts at the latest by 1 p.m. CET on value date.'

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 192, 19.7.2008, p. 63.

ANNEX II

ANNEX II

CEILINGS ON ACCESS TO THE VERY SHORT-TERM FINANCING FACILITY REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 8, 10 AND 11 OF THE ERM II CENTRAL BANK AGREEMENT**with effect from 1 January 2009***(EUR million)*

Central banks party to this Agreement	Ceilings ⁽¹⁾
Българска народна банка (Bulgarian National Bank)	520
Česká národní banka	690
Danmarks Nationalbank	700
Eesti Pank	310
Latvijas Banka	340
Lietuvos bankas	380
Magyar Nemzeti Bank	670
Narodowy Bank Polski	1 750
Banca Națională a României	1 000
Sveriges Riksbank	940
Bank of England	4 700
European Central Bank	nil

⁽¹⁾ The amounts indicated are notional for central banks which do not participate in ERM II.

Euro area national central banks	Ceilings
Nationale Bank van België/Banque Nationale de Belgique	nil
Deutsche Bundesbank	nil
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland	nil
Bank of Greece	nil
Banco de España	nil
Banque de France	nil
Banca d'Italia	nil
Central Bank of Cyprus	nil
Banque centrale du Luxembourg	nil
Central Bank of Malta	nil
De Nederlandsche Bank	nil
Oesterreichische Nationalbank	nil

Euro area national central banks	Ceilings
Banco de Portugal	nil
Banka Slovenije	nil
Národná banka Slovenska	nil
Suomen Pankki	nil'