



#### Leverage dynamics and the real burden of debt

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Sisäinen

#### Introduction

Key questions for macroprudential and monetary policy:

- 1. Why was it difficult to detect the buildup of financial vulnerabilities ahead of the global financial crisis?
- 2. Did the crisis cause the recession or vice versa?
- 3. Why was post crisis recession so severe?
  - Secular stagnation?

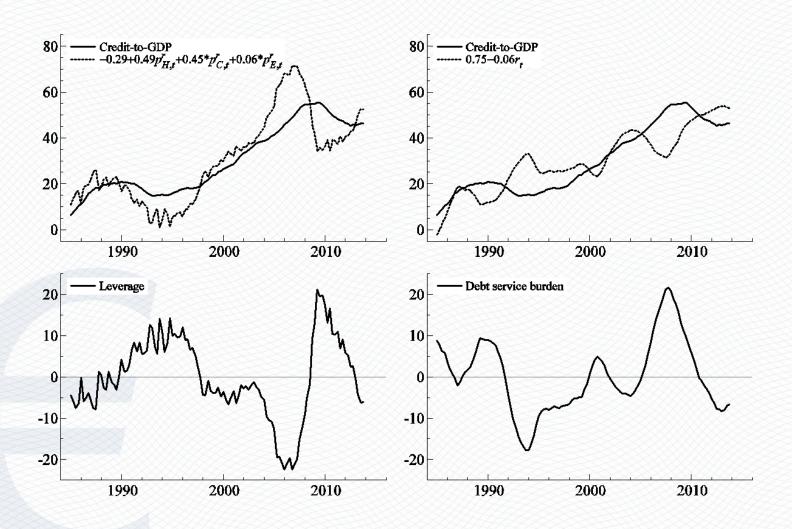
## Our paper

- Starting point: the credit-to-GDP ratio
  - The most commonly used indicator for macro-financial imbalances
- Key empirical questions:
  - Is it possible to separate between sustainable and unsustainable movements in the credit-to-GDP ratio?
  - How do unsustainable movements affect the macro economy?
- Approach: search for empirical relationships that can account for long swings in the ratio
  - Points that satisfy such relationships "sustainable"
  - Deviations from such relationships "unsustainable"

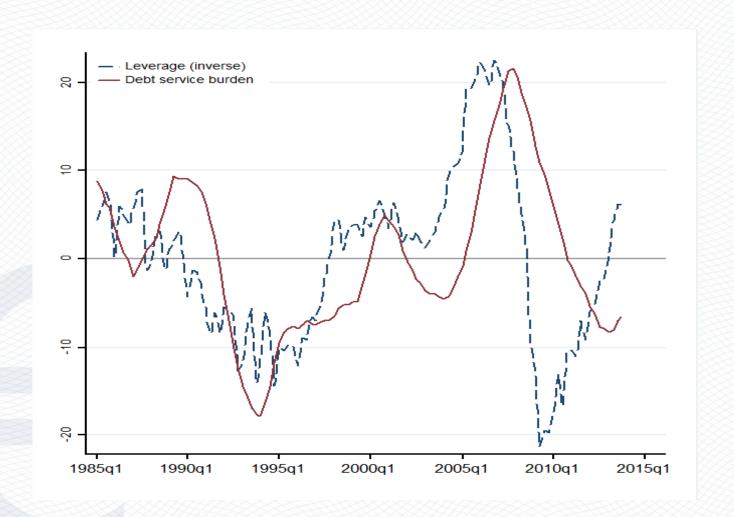
## Two long-run relationships

- Leverage (credit over assets)
  - Long-run relationship between the credit-to-GDP ratio and real asset prices
- The debt service burden (DSB)
  - Long-run relationship between the credit-to-GDP ratio and lending rates
- Findings from cointegrated VAR on US data, 1985-2013
  - Both relationships are in the data
  - Their deviations account for a lot of variation in credit growth, consumption growth, asset price growth etc.
  - Results are robust to time period, inclusion of other variables, and hold at the sectoral level and in other countries

## DSB and Leverage for the US...



#### ...and their interaction

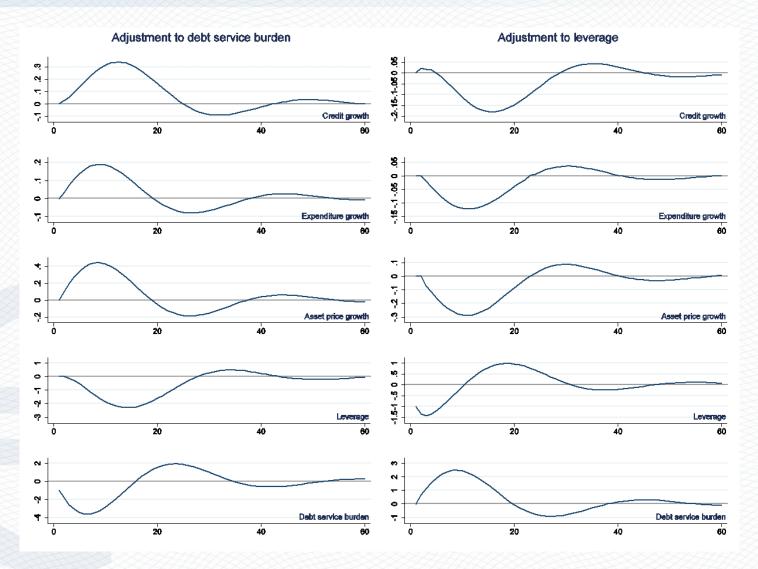


## Macro effects of Leverage and DBS

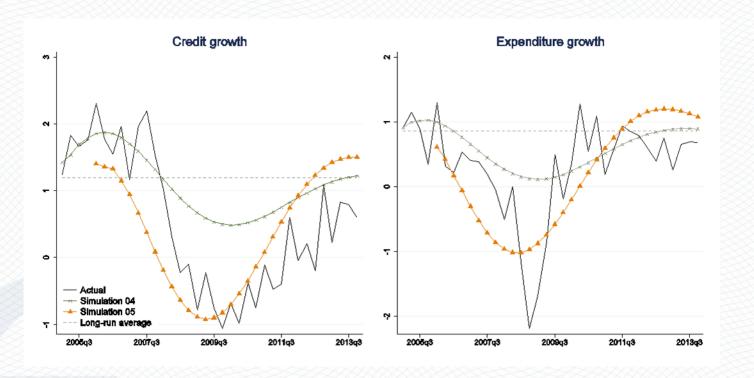
	Δcredit <sub>t</sub>	Δ(consumption +investment) <sub>t</sub>	Δasset prices <sub>t</sub>		
Adjustment to lon	g run deviations				
Leverage <sub>t-1</sub>	-0.02***	-	-		
DSB <sub>t-1</sub>	-0.025***	-0.026***	-0.11**		
Short-run dynamic	cs				
Δcredit <sub>t-1/t-2</sub>	yes	pre crisis – yes full sample - weak	yes		

- In booms: effects offset each other difficult to spot!
- In busts: effects go in the same direction
  - Deep persistent recession as credit must be reduced faster than the fall in output -> secular stagnation may be overstated!

# Adjustment to leverage and DSB deviations



# (Pseudo) real-time prediction of the Great Recession



- Leverage and that the DSB are key propagators
  - Lehman failure only secondary effect

#### **Conclusions**

#### Our answers too the key questions in intro:

**Q**: Why didn't we see the crisis coming?

**A**: Leverage and DSB effects offset each other -> "growthless credit boom" where the economy appears to be on track

Q: Did the crisis cause the recession or vice versa?

A: The buildup of debt service liabilities caused the recession and the crisis

Q: Why was post crisis recession so severe?

A: To restore sustainable values, credit has to be reduced faster than the fall in output. This takes time. Secular stagnation may be overstated.

## Thank you for your attention!

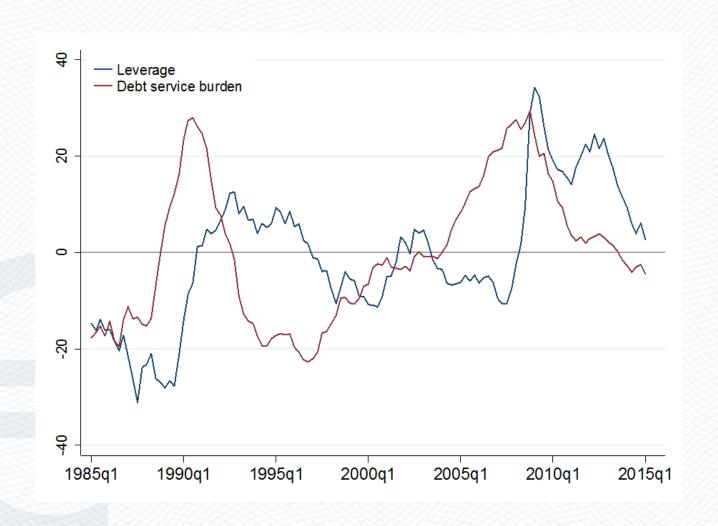
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## **Appendix**



## **DSB** and Leverage for the UK



## Long-run system

Unrestricted system:

$$\Delta \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t} = \mu + \Pi \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^{2} \Pi_{i} \Delta \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t-i} + \Gamma s_{t} + \varepsilon_{t}$$

Restricted long-run: leverage and DSB

$$\Delta \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t} = \mu + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\psi_{H} & -\psi_{C} & -\psi_{E} & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \gamma \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^{l} \prod_{i} \Delta \begin{pmatrix} cr - y \\ p_{H}^{r} \\ p_{C}^{r} \\ p_{E}^{r} \\ r \end{pmatrix}_{t-i} + \Gamma s_{t} + \varepsilon_{t}$$

## **Short-run system**

Short-run system

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Delta c r^{r} \\ \Delta e_{P}^{r} \\ \Delta e_{O}^{r} \\ \Delta p_{A}^{r} \end{pmatrix}_{t} = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} \widetilde{lev} \\ \widetilde{dsb} \end{pmatrix}_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^{2} \Pi_{i} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta c r^{r} \\ \Delta e_{P}^{r} \\ \Delta e_{O}^{r} \\ \Delta p_{A}^{r} \\ \Delta r \end{pmatrix}_{t-i} + \Gamma s_{t} + \epsilon_{t}$$

## **Short-run system**

	Unrestricted system				Restricted system					
	$\Delta cr_t^r$	$\Delta e_{P,t}^r$	$\Delta e^r_{O,t}$	$\Delta p_{A,t}^r$	$\Delta r_t$	$\Delta cr_t^r$	$\Delta e_{P,t}^r$	$\Delta e_{O,t}^r$	$\Delta p_{A,t}^r$	$\Delta r_t$
			Adjustme	ent coefficie	ents to levera	age and the	lebt service	burden		
$\widetilde{ev}_{t-1}$	-0.021 $-2.86$	$\underset{0.79}{0.007}$	$^{-0.050}_{-0.91}$	-0.039 $-0.76$	-0.004 $-2.42$	-0.020 $-4.07$				-0.003 $-2.69$
$\widetilde{lsb}_{t-1}$	-0.027 $-3.99$	$\substack{-0.021 \\ -2.52}$	0,152	$\substack{-0.108 \\ -2.28}$	-0.003	-0.025 $-5.54$	$-0.026 \atop -5.09$	0,191	-0.106 $-3.75$	-0.002
					Short-run	dynamics				
$\Delta cr_{t-1}^r$	$0.195 \\ 1.86$	$0.082 \\ 0.65$	-0.874 $-1.15$	$^{-0.046}_{-0.06}$	$0.007 \\ 0.36$	0.275 3.97				
$\Delta cr_{t-2}^r$	0.570	$\underset{0.25}{0.031}$	$\frac{0.266}{0.36}$	$0.649 \\ 0.92$	-0.029 $-1.49$	$\frac{0.454}{7.01}$			$\underset{2.15}{0.571}$	-0.024
$\Delta e_{P,t-1}^r$	0.168	0.398	$0.752 \\ 0.70$	$0.926 \\ 0.90$	$\frac{0.035}{1.23}$		0.474 7.99			0.061 $4.53$
$\Delta e_{P,t-2}^r$	$^{-0.166}_{-1.12}$	$0.055 \\ 0.31$	$\frac{1.175}{1.09}$	$^{-0.812}_{-0.79}$	$^{-0.041}_{-1.42}$			2.192 6.07		-0.037 $-2.54$
$\Delta e^r_{O,t-1}$	$0.014 \\ 0.66$	$0.030 \\ 1.15$	$0.030 \\ 0.19$	$^{-0.036}_{-0.24}$	-0.004 $-1.03$		0.035 3.73			
$\Delta e_{O,t-2}^r$	$^{-0.023}_{-1.15}$	$\frac{-0.025}{-1.06}$	$\frac{0.202}{1.41}$	-0.265	$^{-0.002}_{-0.65}$			$0.112_{1.96}$		
$\Delta p_{A,t-1}^r$	$0.008 \\ 0.52$	$0.016 \\ 0.85$	$^{-0.157}_{-1.40}$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.152 \\ -1.43 \end{array}$	$^{-0.002}_{-0.80}$					
$\Delta p_{A,t-2}^r$	-0.005 $-0.30$	$\frac{0.020}{1.05}$	$^{-0.110}_{-0.98}$	$^{-0.044}_{-0.41}$	-0.002 $-0.53$					
$\Delta r_{t-1}$	$^{-0.442}_{-1.03}$	$\substack{-0.118 \\ -0.23}$	$\frac{2.881}{0.93}$	$^{-1.551}_{-0.52}$	1.024 12.30					$\frac{1.033}{14.00}$
$\Delta r_{t-2}$	0.664	0.157 $0.30$	$^{-1.129}_{-0.36}$	3.301	-0.147 $-1.75$					-0.174

## System over time

	1985q1-2004q4 system					1985q1-2013q1  system				
	$\Delta cr_t^r$	$\Delta e^r_{P,t}$	$\Delta e^r_{O,t}$	$\Delta p_{A,t}^r$	$\Delta r_t$	$\Delta cr_t^r$	$\Delta e^r_{P,t}$	$\Delta e^r_{O,t}$	$\Delta p_{A,t}^r$	$\Delta r_t$
				Adjustmen	t coefficients	to long-run	deviations			
$\widetilde{lev}_{t-1}$	$^{-0.019}_{-2.08}$				$^{-0.005}_{-2.39}$	$\substack{-0.020 \\ -4.07}$				-0.003
$\widetilde{dsb}_{t-1}$	$\substack{-0.026 \\ -3.52}$	$-0.039 \\ -4.86$	$\underset{4.68}{0.217}$	$\substack{-0.084 \\ -2.12}$	-0.006 $-3.13$	$\substack{-0.025 \\ -5.54}$	$^{-0.026}_{-5.09}$	$\underset{5.92}{0.191}$	$^{-0.106}_{-3.75}$	-0.002 $-2.15$
					Short-run	dynamics				
$\Delta cr^r_{t-1}$	$\underset{3.47}{0.297}$	$\underset{3.60}{0.273}$	$\substack{-1.774 \\ -3.92}$			$\underset{3.97}{\textbf{0.275}}$				
$\Delta cr^r_{t-2}$	$\underset{6.02}{\textbf{0.476}}$			$\underset{3.41}{1.337}$		$\underset{7.01}{0.454}$			$\underset{2.15}{\textbf{0.571}}$	$^{-0.024}_{-2.01}$
$\Delta e^r_{P,t-1}$			$\substack{\textbf{1.557}\\4.52}$		$\underset{3.80}{0.066}$		$\underset{7.99}{0.474}$			$\underset{4.53}{\textbf{0.061}}$
$\Delta e^r_{P,t-2}$			$\underset{6.79}{3.033}$		$^{-0.048}_{-2.83}$			$\underset{6.07}{2.192}$		$^{-0.037}_{-2.54}$
$\Delta e^r_{O,t-1}$							$0.035 \atop 3.73$			
$\Delta e^r_{O,t-2}$			$\underset{3.56}{0.279}$					$\underset{1.96}{0.112}$		
$\Delta p^r_{A,t-1}$				$^{-0.204}_{-2.06}$						
$\Delta p^r_{A,t-2}$				$\substack{-0.205 \\ -2.03}$						
$\Delta r_{t-1}$					$\underset{22.60}{\textbf{0.901}}$					$\underset{14.00}{\textbf{1.033}}$
$\Delta r_{t-2}$										$^{-0.174}_{-2.38}$

Table 4: Estimated coefficients of the 1985q1-2004q4 and the full-sample system. The complete estimation results for the 1985q1-2004q4 system are shown in Table 9 in Appendix B.

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